

GORGON PROJECT – Overview of Gorgon Subsea Well Design and Construction

The Gorgon subsea well design features a 10-3/4" x 7-5/8" monobore completion. This design represents the highest deliverability installation that is currently considered field proven. Other key factors that have influenced the well design includes the pressure and temperature conditions of 6588 psi and 161 deg C at a reservoir datum depth of 4000m TVDss, the wellbore environment comprising 16 mol% CO2, 6 mol% N2 and 25 ppmv H2S, and the perforating strategy.

The reservoir intervals planned for completion during the initial campaign (Zones 10, 30 and 50) are relatively high strength sands and have a low likelihood for free water production. Accordingly, no specific provision has been made for downhole components to isolate individual problem zones or sands. In the unlikely event that the zones do not perform as predicted and excessive water production is experienced, the monobore completion design will readily facilitate the installation of plugs and/or straddles to provide water shut-off as required. Water production due to water of condensation is expected, and provision for this is incorporated in the well design basis.

A cased, cemented and perforated completion strategy will be adopted for the initial completions. Sand control is not incorporated in the initial completions. Sand production has not been observed during any of the well tests on the Gorgon appraisal wells. Sanding studies also support this outcome, and indicate that due to higher average rock strength and greater overburden stress, sanding expectations are generally lower in Gorgon than they are at other offset NW Shelf gas fields, where sanding is known not to pose a problem.

The reservoir section will be drilled with a 8.3/4" open hole section, and then lined and cemented with 7" liner. In addition to the liner hanger, the liner will feature a liner top packer and 6m PBR.

The subsea well system will comprise a flow support base, a 7" x 2" horizontal xmas tree (HXT) including the subsea control module (SCM), concentric tubing hanger system and choke module assembly. The HXT will be installed prior to installing the well completion.

The upper completion string will comprise 7.5/8" production tubing, a 10.3/4" x 7" production packer providing a mechanical barrier between the reservoir interval and the production annulus, a permanent downhole gauge to facilitate the downhole measurement of pressure and temperature, and a 7" surface controlled subsea safety valve to provide a mechanical barrier for the tubing string as required.

The upper completion string will be tied back from the liner top PBR using a non-sealing stinger. Once the completion is installed and pressure tested to satisfy well integrity requirements, the reservoir will be perforated using perforating guns deployed on wireline. Several wireline trips will be required to perforate the reservoir interval/s of each well.

A well cleanup will then be conducted from the MODU to ensure each well is cleaned as best as practical of well construction fluid, perforating debris and other well construction contaminates prior to well commissioning operations.

Due to the wellbore environment, the material specification for all flow wetted surfaces is primarily 25Cr or Nickel Alloy 718. All wells are designed to satisfy a minimal intervention requirement based on an expected well life of 40 years.

The drilling programme is summarised:

- 1. Move MODU on location.
- 2. Drill 36" hole.
- 3. Run and cement 30" structural casing.
- 4. Drill 26" hole with seawater.
- 5. Run and cement 20" surface casing.
- 6. Run BOP and riser.
- 7. Drill 17.1/2" hole with water based mud. Run and cement 14" intermediate casing.
- 8. Drill 12.1/4" x 13.1/2" (under-reamed) hole with Non Aqueous Fluid (NAF).
- 9. Run and cement 10.3/4" production casing.
- 10. Drill 8.3/4" hole with NAF to TD.
- 11. Conduct wireline logging programme.
- 12. Run and cement 7" production liner.
- 13. Conduct cased hole cleanup and displace well to brine.
- 14. Install suspension packer.
- 15. Pull riser and BOP
- 16. Move MODU to next well.

The completion programme is summarised:

- 1. Move MODU over well.
- 2. Install 7" horizontal subsea tree.
- 3. Run BOP and riser.
- 4. Retrieve suspension packer.
- 5. Run the 7.5/8" completion string with subsea test tree, 8.5/8" completion riser, surface flow tree and coiled tubing lift frame.
- 6. Displace well to packer fluid and underbalance fluid, and tie-back the completion string from liner top PBR (non-sealing). Set production packer.
- 7. Perforate well on electricline.
- 8. Conduct MODU well cleanup.
- 9. Conduct PLT survey on electricline.
- 10. Install tubing hanger plugs on slickline.
- 11. Pull coiled tubing lift frame, surface flow tree, completion riser and subsea test tree
- 12. Pull riser and BOP, or move MODU to next well
- 13. Install tree cap using ROV
- 14. Move MODU to next well

Note: The drilling and completion programmes will be conducted in 'batch' mode.



Figure 1 Subsea Well Development Schematic

Gorgon Subsea Gas Producer (GB5-A) 7-5/8" 25Cr-125 Monobore Completion	OD				
7-5/8" 25Cr-125 Monobore Completion	OD				
	OD	7-5/8" 25Cr-125 Monobore Completion			
Schematic Description Depth Depth Deviation m MDBRT m TVDBRT Deg	Inches	ID Inches			
7" Tubing Hanger 240 240 0	18.750	6.059			
a b b c 30" 457 ppf 1.5" wt / 309.7 ppf 1" wt X-52 Conductor 310 310 0		27.000			
7-5/8" 35.8 ppf 25Cr-125 Vam Top HC Tubing	8.362	6.644			
7" Tubing Retrievable Safety Valve (Non-Equalising) 540 540 0	9.070	5.812			
20" 132 ppf 0.625" wt X-65 Surface Casing 640 640 0		18.750			
TOC (500m below 20" Casing Shoe) 1140 1121					
7-5/8" 35.8 ppf 25Cr-125 Vam Top HC Tubing	8.362	6.644			
14" 82.5 ppf P110 Intermediate Casing (10m above Gearle) 2296 2008 40.6		12.876			
TOC (500m below 14" Casing Shoe) 2796 2389					
7-5/8" Permanent Downhole Gauge Mandrel (Dual) 3968 3279 40.6	9.105	6.745			
Tubing X/over, 7-5/8" x 7" 3983 3291 40.6 7" 32 ppf 25Cr-125 Vam Top HC Tubing (2 joints) 3983 3291 40.6	8.140 7.717	6.094 6.094			
10-3/4" x 7" Production Packer 4008 3310 40.6	9.340	5.875			
7" x 5.75" Landing Nipple, Top No-Go 4023 3321 40.6	7.732	5.750			
Tie-back Assembly (Non-Sealing) 4038 3333 40.6	<hold></hold>	6.074			
10-3/4" x 7" Liner Hanger / Liner Top Packer c/w 6m PBR 4041 3335 40.6	<hold></hold>	6.100			
10-3/4" 60.7 ppf T95 Vam Top Production Casing (600m) x 10-3/4" 65.7 ppf T95 / C110 / P110 Vam Top Production Casing (30m above Intra-Jurassic Unconformity)	11.652 11.734	9.660 9.560			
Top Perforation Interval (Zones 30 & 50) 4518 3697 40.6					
Image: State					
Base Sump 5061 4110 40.6 7" 32 ppf 25Cr-125 Vam Top HC Liner 5101 4140 40.6	7.717	6.059			
Air Gap = 25m, Water Depth = 215m Completion Equipment Material Spec = Alloy 718					
Hole Sizes = 36", 26", 17-1/2", 12-1/4" x 13-1/2" (Under-reamed), 8-3/4" 7" Tubing Hanger has a 7" 32 ppf Vam Top connection (box down) KOP = 695m MDBRT, EOB = 1309m MDBRT (1259m TVDBRT) 7" Safety Valve has 7-5/8" 35.8 ppf Vam Top HC connections					
Horizontal Stepout = 2675m Safety Valve Hold Open Sleeve ID (during well con Control Line / PDHG Cable OD = 0.433" (11mm)	Safety Valve Hold Open Sleeve ID (during well construction) = ±5.0" Control Line / PDHG Cable OD = 0.433" (11mm)				
10-3/4" C110 / P110 X/over Depth = 2600m TVDBRT (80 deg C) 7-5/8" Cable Protector OD = ±9.35" Special Drift = 9.600" for 60.7 ppf & 9.500" for 65.7 ppf 10-3/4" casing Reservoir Pressure = 6588 psi at 4000m TVDss	7-5/8" Cable Protector OD = ±9.35" Reservoir Pressure = 6588 psi at 4000m TVDss				
Wireline TCP Gun Configuration to be confirmed Reservoir Temperature = 321 deg F (161 deg C) at 4000m TVDss Subsea Tree Type = 7" Horizontal (with 7" flow bore) Reservoir Temperature = 321 deg F (161 deg C) at 4000m TVDss					
Rev Date Description 0 8, IuL08, Issued for Packer Tech Spec Rev 2	Drawn SPM	Approved			
1 30-Mar-09 Revised for BOD Rev 2	SRM	MW			

Figure 2 Well Design Schematic